The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXIst Year.] THURSDAY, *June* 20, 1765. [No. 1050.]

The following Piece, solicited from a late London *Paper, was wrote by a worthy* North-American, *and directed to* Thomas Touchit, *Esq; of* Spring-Gardens.

SIR,

AS a Number of interested People are very assiduous in propagating a Report that our *North-American* Colonies omit no Opportunity of establishing an Independency prejudicial to the Mother-Country, it will be a Matter highly worthy your known Humanity, to set this Point in a clear Light; and I doubt not therefore but you will readily grant a Portion of your useful Paper to wipe off the Calumnies so unjustly thrown upon so valuable a Part of our Fellow-Subjects.

One of the principal Arguments made use of by the Enemies of our Colonies, is that the Orders from *North-America* are every Day decreasing, and that the Inhabitants of those Settlements have already set up a Number of Manufactories, which must not only render the Assistance of the Mother-Country still less and less necessary, but materially, affect its Interest to boot.

'Tis in Reality surprizing after all that has been said upon this Subject, how strange an Inclination People manifest to be deceived: Must our sage Declaimers against the *American* Colonies be everlastingly told, that if the Demand for the Manufactures of the Mother-Country has decreased, that the Mother-Country has herself been the Occasion of that Decrease; and that there is scarcely a Manufactory established in those Parts, but what she herself has actually compelled the Inhabitants to set up.

If these mighty Patriotic Gentlemen knew any Thing about the Subject which they so unceasingly dwell on, or had the least Intention of being properly informed, they would soon see that while the Mother-Country permitted the Colonies to carry on a Trade with the *French* and *Spanish* Settlements, that then the Colonies sent over very extensive Orders annually, and never attempted to set up any Manufactories which could possibly obstruct the Interest of this Kingdom. In Fact, the Colonies were sufficiently employed in supplying the *French* and *Spanish* Islands with the Manufactures of the Mother-Country, and found it besides so valuable a Branch of Commerce, that they had neither Leisure nor Inclination to think of any Thing else. When this Trade therefore was prohibited, what was this to do? They could not send over to *England* for Goods without Money to pay for them; tho' I dare say, if they had had the least Idea, that we should have looked upon this prudent Solicitude for their own immediate Preservation as an Act of Arrogance or Audacity, they would have submitted to any Exigence rather than incur our Displeasure or give Birth to that Whirlwind of Obloquy and Slander, which has so violently burst on their Heads.

Whoever is acquainted with the Genius of the *American* Colonies, must know, that nothing is more repugnant both to their Interest and Inclination, than the Establishment of Manufactories among themselves: Wherever there is a great Tract of Country, and but a small Number of Inhabitants, the Work of Agriculture and Husbandry must be the principal Objects of the People. They must first provide for their Wants, before they can think of gratifying their Luxuries; and the Price of manual Labour being proportioned to the Scarcity of Hands, they will sacrifice the Ambition of Dressing magnificently, to the humbler Necessity of getting Bread. By this Means they can furnish themselves cheaper in Fact, from the Mother-Country, where the Plenty and Expertness of Workmen reduces the Price of all Manufactures to a reasonable Standard, than at Home, where the extreme Scarcity of Workmen, joined to the general Inexperience, not only enhances the Price to an enormous Degree, but even lessens the Value of the Commodity too.

For these Reasons, Mr. *Touchit*, I look upon it as an utter Impossibility for our Colonies to entertain the least Notion of rendering themselves Independent. If we are chagrined that they do not purchase our Manufactures in the same Quantities as they formerly did, we have nothing to do but take the Restriction from their Commerce, which so fatally robs us of the Means. If we are offended that they have set up Works of their own, let us take away the Necessity which compelled them to such a Measure, and the Consequences will be such as must answer our warmest Expectation. We have found the Inconveniencies arising from this Restriction sufficiently to teach us a little Prudence, so that if we do not take it off out of Tenderness to the Colonies, we ought at least to remove it out of Regard to ourselves.

I am Sir, *Yours, &c.*

A NORTH-AMERICAN.

From the PUBLIC LEDGER.

LONDON, *April* 1.

NOTWITHSTANDING it has been frequently mentioned in your Paper by several Gentlemen, That our Colonies were in a most flourishing Situation, and that it was very hard they should reap all the Advantages arising from the Freedom of a *British* Constitution, without subscribing something towards the prodigious Sums, which, in the Course of the late War, have been laid out in it's Defence; yet I must differ very much in Opinion from your Correspondents, with regard to the Opulence of the Colonies. I am in Trade myself, Sir, and formerly had considerable Orders from the Plantations; but within these 3 or 4 Years, my Business had not only visibly decreased, but even the little I do send to that Part of the World is so ill paid, that I have almost determined to discontinue my Connections there, and not for the Sake of a very trifling Profit, run the Hazard of losing the Whole. Every Gentleman who knows any Thing of the *American* Commerce, knows very well that not above an Eighth of the Orders, which were sent over in 1763, came over during the Course of the last Year; and they also know very well that Remittances from our Colonies have been so extremely precarious, that it would be a Degree of the greatest Rashness to trust them with any capital Quantity of Goods.

The Reason of this Decline in the Plantation Trade has been a Thousand and a Thousand Times mentioned. The only Commerce of considerable Advantage which our Colonies carried on, was with the neighbouring *French* and *Spanish* Settlements, who paid a very high Price for their Goods. This enabled them to send Orders of a most extensive Nature every Year, for the various Manufactures of the Mother Country, and put it also in their Power to be religiously punctual in the Payment of their Bills. The Mother Country however, through a strange Principle of Policy, thought proper some Time ago to lay a Restriction upon this Trade, between our Colonies and the *French* and *Spanish* Settlements. By this Means our Colonies have been deprived of the most material Channel of their Opulence, and consequently rendered utterly unable to assist the Mother Country to any Degree of Importance, by the Purchase of it's various Commodities and Manufactures.

This is in short the whole State of the Case, and we may exclaim as much as we think proper about the little Advantages which our Colonies produce; but our Exclamations will be attended with no salutary Effects till we remove the Cause of Complaint, and restore the Plantations to their former Privileges.——This we ought to do as speedily as possible, as there is but too much Reason to suppose some other *European* Nations will establish Free Ports in *America*, and prevent the Possibility of this beneficial Traffic ever to return to our Hands.

A MERCHANT.

NEW-YORK, *May* 9, 1765.

AMIDST the insatiable Thirst for Novelty so prevalent in *England*, and especially the Nation's Greediness after *American* Intelligence, at a Time when those of his Majesty's Dominions are the grand Object of Deliberation, I am surprized to find the *English* News Writers so incompetently informed by their Correspondents in this Part of the World. It is true, they sometimes oblige the Public with a remarkable Occurrence, respecting the various Contrivances we make use of to reduce the Importation of *British* Manufactures. But I do not remember to have seen an *English* Article of News respecting the Northern Colonies on the Subject just mentioned, but what was *trifling* in Comparison of those with which an *industrious* Collector might perpetually supply them. May we not therefore expect in convenient Time to see the following Articles in some of the *London* Prints, which I have purposely collected to gratify the *laudable Curiosity* that reigns at Home, and all which, are *as agreeable to Truth* as most of those that have lately embellished the *English* Papers, viz.

That the *Americans* are so determined to live independent of any *British* Manufactures, that every Letter from those Parts abounds with Instances of their Experiments to supply themselves with all the Necessaries of Life of their own Fabrication.

An old Lady of *Carlisle* in the Province of *Pennsylvania*, has accidentally discovered a Method of making an excellent Velvet greatly superior to that of *Manchester*, of the Down of Peaches, intermixed with a small Proportion of the Spiders Web, to give the Thread the greater Length and Consistence.

We are credibly informed that the *North-American* Ladies need not flint themselves in the Article of Silk, tho' they received not a single Piece from *Britain*, our Colonists having discovered a new Species of Silk Worm, that feeds and propagate at the same Time; and work the whole Winter, when instead of Mulberry Leaves, their only Food during the Season, they are kept on Indian Corn and Oats.

We also have it from good Authority, that one *Jedidiah Potter*, of *Barnstable* in *New-England*, has lately exhibited to the Select Men of the Town an excellent Piece of Cloth made of Hogs Bristles, not inferior to any of our *Witneys*. A Discovery that must infallibly ruin our Woollen Manufactures and reduce Thousands of our Weavers to Beggary. And to convince the World that the *Americans* can supply themselves even with the Luxuries of Life without any Communication with *Europe*, three enterprizing Brothers in the Province of *New-Jersey* have given Specimens of their Ingenuity on that Subject, in the following Instances. The one makes excellent *Barbados* Spirits of the Juice of Cucumbers; the other presses the choicest Claret from the long shaped Turnip; and the Third boils a Jelly, equal in Taste and Transparency to the best Calfs Feet Jelly, from the Flint Stone, in which that Country greatly abounds.

The following is an Article of *American* Intelligence most authentically attested, that on the Report of the Parliament's Intention to lay a Tax on the Colonies, a Number of Gentlemen belonging to the Society for promoting Arts, Agriculture and Œconomy, in the Province of New-York, immediately contracted with Two Hundred Shepherds to purchase Three Million of Sheep in *Persia*, which were to be brought all along the Continent of *America* by Land, in order to prevent any Obstruction from his Majesty's Custom; but that on the News of the happy Discovery made by the said *Potter*, that Project was laid aside, and Premiums proposed for encouraging all the Farmers to exert themselves in breeding Swine, for the Sake of their Bristles.

It is thought by our ablest Politicians that *America* may bear a Tax of One Million Sterling *per Annum* from a just Calculation of its Riches, it being undoubtedly fact that in the City of New-York alone there are at least Seven Hundred Coaches, and most of them shod with Gold, and set with Diamonds and other precious Stones; and we have it from Persons of undoubted Credit, that no private Gentleman pretended to entertain Sir *Jeffery Amherst* and his Family, while at Head Quarters in that City, at a less Expence than Four Hundred Pounds Sterling.—Surely such wealthy Colonies are able to sink the National Debt without the least Incumbrance!

Our

Our Colonies are so extremely addicted to Smuggling (a Thing altogether unknown in *Britain*) that since the King's Ships have been stationed along the Continent to prevent that felonious Practice, a certain Gentleman of a very mechanical Turn, by a new Improvement on the Diving Bell, has contrived a Rowing Boat that is carried under Water for Twenty-four Hours without any Inconvenience to her Navigators for Want of fresh Air. With these Boats the Smugglers meet the Vessels expected with the contraband Commodities at some convenient Distance from the Land; and having taken in the prohibited Part of their Cargoes, are conveyed under Water in the Harbour under the very Noses, that is to say, under the very Keels of the Men of War.

The Ministers have received very recent Advice that our Indian Affairs in *America* are upon a very respectable Footing; and that his Majesty's Agent in order effectually to prevent all farther Ravages by those barbarous Savages, had summoned all the Indians in *America* to meet him at a grand Congress, at which every individual adult Indian in *America* attended; the whole Number amounting to Three Million Five Thousand Seven Hundred and Thirty-four. At this Congress the Agent informed them that it appearing from daily Experience that they were a People whose Promises could not be relied on; and that from the immense Increase of the Whites the Country would soon be too narrow for both, if they were really determined to give the highest Evidence in their Power of their Loyalty and Affection to the Crown of *Great-Britain*, and of their so frequently pretended Friendship for him, it was necessary for them by their own voluntary Act so to brighten the Covenant Chain, as to render it impossible to contract for the future the least Atom of Rust: That they were all Warriors, and had too much of the Hero to fear what was the natural Lot of all Men. Upon which the whole Audience who all heard him very distinctly and easily took the Hint, unanimously rose up and immediately went and hanged themselves.—It is thought that the Subject of Ways and Means how to dispose of their Wives and Children to prevent the tragical Consequences of the Repopulation of *America* by such Savages, will be one of the first that will engage the Deliberation of the Parliament at their next Sitting.

LONDON, *April* 17.

YESTERDAY Morning, about Half an Hour after Nine, Lord Byron, escorted by a Party of the Guards, consisting both of Horse and Foot, and attended by the Lieutenant Governor and Constable of the Tower, and one other Gentleman, went in a Coach over London-Bridge to Westminster, in order to take his Trial there before his Peers, for the late unhappy Affair that passed between him and the late Mr. Chaworth; his Lordship was conducted back the same Way, between five and six o'Clock.

The Council for his Lordship on this Occasion are, the Hon. Mr. Charles Yorke, and Alexander Wedderburn, Esq; Attorney, Mr. Potts. Against his Lordship, the Attorney General, the Sollicitor General, Mr. Serjeant Glynne, Mr. Stowe, Mr. Cornwall; Attorney, Mr. Joynes.

April 18. Last Night, about seven o'Clock, the Trial of the Right Hon. Lord Byron ended at Westminster Hall, when his Lordship was found guilty of Manslaughter; but pleading his Privilege, he was discharged from his Confinement.

BOSTON, *June* 3.

Our Trade is in a most deplorable Situation, not one fifth Part of the Vessels now employed in the West-India Trade, as was before the late Regulations: Our Cash almost gone before the Stamp and Post-Office Acts are to operate: Bankruptcies multiplied, our Fears increased, and the Friends of Liberty under the greatest Despondency: What these Things will end in, Time only can discover.

Advices from England by the last Ships are,—That the Stamp Bill is not only passed, but has a Provision that all Breaches of said Act are cognizable by any of his Majesty's Courts of Admiralty; so that the Americans are not only to have their Monies taken from them without their Consent, but to be deprived of another darling Privilege, viz. Trials by Jury.—That several Regiments are coming to America from Ireland, and a Bill had a first Reading, by which the Soldiery may be quartered upon private Families; and that Mr. —— had moved and obtained Liberty to bring in a Bill next Sessions, for laying a Tax upon the landed Estates in North-America, which will not much surprize the People of the Colonies, as indeed nothing can, after what has already taken Place.—That instead of our present Courts of Admiralty, in which no Salaries are annexed, and so are no Expence to the Crown, several new Ones are to be erected in their Stead, and each Judge with a Salary of £. 800 Sterling per Annum out of the American Revenue, and other Officers in Proportion, it being no more than equal to the Importance of such Appointments, and the Ability of our Trade to furnish.—That the—has a Swarm of Scribblers employed to prejudice the Mother against her Children, and to colour Measures calculated to raise a Revenue and Increase —— Dependencies, tho' upon the utter Ruin of Trade.—And that French Agents and French Monies are employed to set on Foot Measures that may have a Tendency to alienate the Affections of the Colonies from their Mother-Country, as the most probable Means of giving them a Chance in some future Period, to recover what has been taken from them by the Help and uncommon Exertions of these infant Colonies.

The Report that some Americans are to deliver Stamps to their Fellow Slaves, puts us in Mind of the West-India Policy, most of their Plantations having Negro Overseers, who in order to please their Masters, and hold their Posts, are more severe to their own Colour in their Exactions and Whippings, than are the white Overseers, and consequently are more abhorred and detested.

NEW-YORK, *June* 10.

By a Gentleman who arrived here last Week, from Montreal, we have the following melancholy Piece of Intelligence, viz. That on the 17th ult. at Half after One in the Afternoon, a Fire broke out in the House of Mr. John Livingston, of that Place, and there being only two small Engines, and the French extremely ignorant of the Method of extinguishing Fires, the Flames soon spread with great Rapidity on both Sides of the Street, and the Wind being very high, 115 Houses were entirely consumed by Six o'Clock in the Evening, with immense Quantities of Goods contained therein, it being the principal Street in the Place, and where all the English Merchants resided. A Nunnery was also consumed, and three Nuns, a French Gentleman and his Lady, and a Negro Wench, lost their Lives. On the Occasion, the Army, animated by the Presence of Brigadier General Burton, exerted themselves in a particular Manner, and it is said it was owing to their Activity that the whole Town was not destroyed, as several of the poor Soldiers were much burnt in removing Goods from the Houses whilst in Flames, most of the French Inhabitants having retired to their Churches, being greatly intimidated by some small Explosions of Gunpowder, that happened whilst the Houses were in Flames, as several of the Merchants, very imprudently, had Quantities of that Article in their Garrets. It is said the Fire was occasioned by a Negro Wench carrying a Quantity of Ashes into the upper Story of Mr. Livingston's House, not with any bad Design, but to be kept there for making Soap.——The following English Merchants have been great Sufferers, viz. Vanderhyden, Stanhouse, Neagles and Barron, Simenson and Delale, Howard, Morrison and Holmes, M'Craken, Patterson and Grant, and Knipe, and Duane; Mr. Livingston sustained little Loss; tho' the Fire first broke out in his own House.—The following French Gentlemen, besides many others of the same Nation, suffered much, viz. Monsr. Lecorn, Dumay, and Irview.

ANNAPOLIS, *June* 20.

On Monday last arrived here, in Eight Weeks from *England*, the Ship ECHO, Capt. JOHN CURLING, junior; who brought with him a Printed Copy of the —— STAMP ACT.——Which is now Re-Printing here, and will be Publish'd, and to be Sold next Week: Very necessary to be known by every One who would keep out of LIMBO.

BLANK BOOKS for RECORDS, of any Size, on the best of Paper for the Purpose; Bound *stronger* than those from our *MOTHER COUNTRY*, and as *neat*, may be had on Application to JONAS GREEN. *N. B.* The Reason why they are *Stronger*, is, That the Moisture and Damp in the Hold of a Ship, much affects and weakens the Glue.

Piscataway, June 13th, 1765.

CASH to be had for good *London* BILLS of EXCHANGE, of

(2w) IGNATIUS FENWICK, junior.

To be SOLD *at* PUBLIC VENDUE, *on Saturday next, the 22d Instant, at* IV *o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Mr.* Samuel Middleton's, *in* Annapolis, *to the highest Bidder, for ready Money.*

THREE Fine NEGRO WOMEN, one a choice Field Negro, well used to the Hoe; the other Two are fine healthy New Negroes, and well season'd to the Country.

ABOUT 50 Years ago, came into this Province, as a Physician or Surgeon, a Gentleman whose Name was *David M'Gill*, (younger Son of Mr. *Arthur M'Gill*, of *Kenbeck*, in the County of *Fyfe*, in *Scotland*) who married a Woman of the Name of *Bond* or *Bone*, by whom, it is supposed, he has left several Children, particularly two Sons, who, it is imagined, have settled in *Maryland*, or some of the neighbouring Provinces: If they will apply to the *Printing-Office*, in *Annapolis*, they will hear of Something to their Advantage. *M. Maxwell*

THE Subscriber intending to *London* early in the Fall, requests all Persons who have Claims against him, to bring them in, that they may be adjusted: And those Indebted are desired to come and settle their Accounts. Those that cannot make Payment this Summer, will be indulged with a reasonable Time, on giving Bond, with Security if required.

He hath Imported from *London*, in the *Ferry*, Capt. *Lane*, An Assortment of *European* and *East-India* GOODS, which is to be Sold at his Store in *Upper-Marlborough*, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco. (4w) JOHN READ MACKUBIN.

BY Virtue of a *Fieri Facias*, will be Sold to the Highest Bidder, on Tuesday the Second Day of *July* next, at the House of Mr. *Clement Wheeler*, Two TRACTS of LAND, lying in *Charles* County, late the Property of *Thomas Middleton*, (and now in Possession of *Thomas Dawson*) to satisfy a Debt due from the said *Middleton* to the Commissioners or Trustees of the Loan Office; the one Tract called *Stephen's Hope*, containing 98 Acres, the other called *Norwich*, containing 100 Acres. (2w) DANIEL JENIFER, Sheriff.

THE Subscribers having furnished themselves with Two compleat Hands in the LEATHER BREECHES MAKING BUSINESS, from *London*, inform the Public, That they may be supplied with LEATHER BREECHES of all Sorts and Sizes, made in the best and neatest Manner. H. CATON,
(6w) W. WILKIE.

To be DISPOSED *of, by the Subscriber, on board the Brig* Trotman, *Capt.* HAYTON, *in the Ferry-Branch, Patapsco River,*

A PARCEL of Healthy Indentured SERVANTS, just arrived from LONDON, in the said Brig, amongst whom are several of different Trades and Professions, as House-Carpenters, Weavers, Shoemakers, Peruke-makers, Stone Masons, Cutlers, Braziers, Scriveners, Blacksmiths, Bakers, Silversmiths, Jewellers, Fullers, and Maltsters.

The Sale will begin on Friday the 21st Instant.
THO'. BUCHANAN.

N. B. All the Servants have had the Small-Pox.

JUST IMPORTED,
And to be Sold by PATRICK M'GILL, *at his Store at* ELK-RIDGE *Landing, in the* Pearl, *Capt.* Francis, *from* Scotland, *and in the* Friendship, *Capt.* Frost, *from* London,

A NEAT Assortment of *European* and *East-India* GOODS, suitable for the Season; amongst which are some handsome Lutestrings and Tobines: Likewise a very good *Harrison's* Spinnet.

Kent-Island, June 10, 1765.

I TAKE this Method to acquaint the Public, That I am much obliged to all those Gentlemen that have subscribed to my Packet, and also those that have been so kind as to favour me with their Custom, during the Time my Ferry was kept from *Broad Creek*, on *Kent-Island*, to *Annapolis*: But finding it disadvantageous to continue it any longer, from the small Encouragement I have met with, and the Ferriages being lessened, have thought it most to my Advantage to Rent it to Mr. *James Hutchings*, whose Ferry, I am convinced, from the Conduct of the Public in general, has been thought sufficient to carry across the Bay all those that have Occasion to Travel by Way of *Kent-Island*. (3w) ENOCH SUDLER.

ANNAPOLIS, June 13, 1765.

JUST IMPORTED by the SUBSCRIBER, from LONDON,

AN Assortment of the very best HAIRS, and other Materials, for WIG-MAKING. Gentlemen in the Country may be furnished, on the shortest Notice, with all Sorts of PERUKES, made in the best Manner, for ready Money, or short Credit. Those that are Indebted to him, are requested to make speedy Payment.

(tf) THOMAS HEWITT.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, for the Benefit of the Insurers, and Others concerned, on Tuesday the 9th Day of July next, at X o'Clock A. M. at the Dock in ANNAPOLIS,

TWO ANCHORS, one of them Weight 9 C. 1 q. 9 lb. the other 3 C. 2 q. 1 lb. A Long-Boat, Sails, and Two Oars; a Yawl and Oars; a Parcel of Spikes and Bolts; about 40 Fathom of 9 Inch Cable, and about 60 Fathom of Hauser, with sundry other Things too tedious to mention: Being what was saved of the Ship *Rachel*, lately burnt in *Hungre* River.

(3w) THOMAS BROWNING.

Kent-Island, June 19, 1765.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A LARGE commodious Deck'd, and Two Open, BOATS, almost new, in good Order, and well Rigged, on very reasonable Terms.

JAMES HUTCHINGS.

ALL Persons Indebted to *John Robinson*, late of *Annapolis*, deceased, Painter and Glazier, and Myself in Partnership, are desired to pay off their respective Balances as soon as possible: And all those who have any Claims against the said *John Robinson*, are desired to bring them in legally proved, to

WILLIAM TUCK.

N. B. The Subscriber carries on the Painting and Glazing Business, at his Shop in *Annapolis*, as usual, and will be obliged to Gentlemen for their Custom. (tf) WM. TUCK.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Monday the 8th of July next, at the Plantation wherein Thomas Adams *now lives, near Mr.* Prigg's *in* Prince-George's *County, and within 5 Miles of* Nottingham, *for Sterling Money, or Bills of Exchange,*

PART of Two Tracts of LAND, the one called *Truman's Hills*, the other *Pheasant's Hills*, contiguous to each other, and containing in the Whole 251 ACRES; there are two Tenements on the Land, and the Soil very good.

The Sale to be about 11 o'Clock, and if bad Weather that Day, the first fair Day after.

The Money, or Bills, to be paid down, or Bond on Interest, with Security, if required.

(tf) JOSHUA BEALL.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 25th Day of this Instant June,

A TRACT of LAND, containing Two Hundred ACRES, more or less, whereon is a good Dwelling-House and Kitchen, Quarters, Cow-House, Tobacco-House, Garden, and all other Conveniencies, lying on a good Creek for Fishing and Fowling, called by the Name of *Thompkin's Purchase*, in *Cobb Neck*.

RAPHAEL LANCASTER.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Ninian Beall*, near *Bladensburg*, taken up as a Stray, a Grey Gelding about 13 Hands high, with a Sprig Tail, about 5 Years old, and trots heavy; but has not any perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Possession of *Roger Beall*, near *Bladensburg*, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Mare, about 12 Hands high, with a Star in her Forehead, and paces.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

COMMITTED to *Anne-Arundel* County Jail, on Suspicion of being a Runaway, an *Irishman*, about 28 Years old, 5 Feet 2 or 3 Inches high. Has on an old black Crape Coat and Waistcoat, and Drab Breeches. He says his Name is *Patrick Kelkelly*, and that he belongs to *Mr. Mackall*, Merchant, at *Hobbs-Hole*, in *Virginia*. His Master is desired to pay Charges, and take him away. (tf) JOSEPH GALLOWAY, Sheriff.

JUST IMPORTED by the Sally, Capt. Buchanan, *from* LONDON, *and to be SOLD by the Subscribers, at their Store in* Church-street, ANNAPOLIS, *for Cash, or Bills of Exchange, Wholesale and Retail,*

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for the SEASON. Likewise, *West-India* RUM by the Hogshead, *Maryland* RUM by the Hogshead or Tierce, *Muscovado* SUGAR by the Barrel, MOLASSES by the Hogshead, old *Madeira* WINE by the Pipe, Hogshead or Quarter Cask; *Liverpool* SALT by the Bushel, *Bell's* ALE by the Dozen, *Castile* SOAP and CANDLES by the Box, PORK by the Barrel; and also, all Sorts of CORDAGE and SHIP CHANDLERY.

(4w) 2 STEWART & RICHARDSON.

Philadelphia, June 6, 1765.

WHEREAS a certain *James Miller*, on or about the 2d of *May*, 1764, Indented himself at *Gravesend*, to Mr. *Sydenham*, Merchant, of *London*, and sailed immediately in the Brig *Brothers*, *James Morrison* Master, bound to *Patapsco* in *Maryland*, and was consigned to Mr. *Fishwick* there. The said *Miller* is of a dark Complexion, about 20 Years of Age, and about 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, and a Carpenter and Joiner by Trade, born at *Stratham* in *Surry*. Whoever will give Information of the said *James Miller* (Alive or Dead) by directing a few Lines to Mr. *Charles Allen*, to be left at Mr. *Joseph Yeates's*, at the *Three Tuns* in *Chesnut-Street*, *Philadelphia*, the Favour will be most gratefully acknowledged by

(*3) 2 CHARLES ALLEN.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, *in the* Sally, *Capt.* BUCHANAN, *and to be Sold by the Subscribers, at their Store in* ANNAPOLIS, *by Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit, on very reasonable Terms,*

A CHOICE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for Summer and Winter.

(tf) 2 CHARLES WALLACE & Comp.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, *in the* Anne and Mary, RICHARD CARR, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber in* UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, *for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco,*

A LARGE Assortment of *European* and *East-India* GOODS; among which there is Houshold Furniture, consisting of Chairs, with Matted and *Russia* Leather Bottoms, Mahogany Dressing, Card, and Writing Tables, Looking Glasses, Fire Screens, Field Bedsteads, with Matrasses and Furniture, Check Curtains, Bason Stands, Tea Chests and Waiters, an Assortment of *Tunbridge* Wares, great Variety of Paper Hangings and Landscapes, Music, and Musical Instruments, Spinnet Jacks, Tin Ventilators, that effectually prevent Chimneys from Smoaking, Water Proof Cloths, Patent Ram Skin Breeches, and *Dutch* Rappee Snuff.

FRANCIS LEEKE.

N. B. Those who bring the Ready Money, will find a proper Distinction made between That and Credit. (tf) 2 *F. L.*

To be CHARTER'D, for any Port,

THE SLOOP CHARLOTTE, now lying in *Herring-Bay*, well Found, and Fitted for the Sea; will carry 2000 Bushels, and is a prime Sailer.

For Terms apply to SAMUEL CHEW at *Poplar Ridge*, on *Herring-Bay*, who has a sufficient Quantity of Corn to sell, to load the Sloop, which he will dispose of reasonably. (tf) 2

STRAYED away from my Plantation at the *Deer Park*, sometime ago, Two genteel Black Horses, with bob Tails. They were seen at several Places, and supposed to be going towards *Conococheague*, where they were bred; but as they have not been heard of there, it is imagined they have been stopt by some Person or Persons on this Side *Frederick-Town*.

Whoever will give Information where the said Horses may be had, or bring them to me, at *Baltimore-Town*, shall be handsomely Rewarded for their Trouble, by JOHN STEVENSON.

N. B. The smallest of the Two Horses is branded on the near Buttock I S; the other forgot. 2 (3w)

Frederick-County, June 13, 1765.

COMMITTED to the Jail of this County, from under the Hand of *Lewis Rice*, one of his Majesty's Justices, a Negro Man who calls himself *Dick*, and says he belongs to *Thomas Mitchell*, of the Province of *Maryland*, near *Annapolis*; he is a lusty full faced Fellow, has some gray Hairs in his Head, and has on a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, brown Linen Shirt, and an old Worsted Cap. The Owner is desired to fetch him away, on paying Fees and Charges to

(tf) WILLIAM TERRY, Sheriff.

June 15, 1765.

WENT away last Night from the Brigantine *Truman*, (*Richard Hayton*, Commander) at Anchor in *Chesapeak* Bay, off *Annapolis*, Two Men and One Woman, who took a Long-Boat, about 20 Feet Keel, Clinch built, with a Standing Sail and Brass Compass; one of the Men is Country born, named *John Nicklin*, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high. The other a Sailor, named *John Ogston*, a *Dane* born, speaks broken *English*, and is about 5 Feet 7 Inches high. The Woman is about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, named *Lucy Chapell*, and had on a white Linen Hat, and a brown Worsted Gown.

It is imagined they went up the Bay.

Whoever brings or secures the said People, so that the Subscriber gets them again, shall have Four Pounds Reward for the Sailor, and for the other two Forty Shillings each, paid by

RICHARD HAYTON.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on *Elk-Ridge* in *Anne-Arundel* County, the 26th of *May* last, a Convict Servant Man named *Samuel Beach*, he is a lusty, well made Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, of a fresh Complexion, wears his own short yellowish Hair, his right Thumb remarkably crooked, and is very apt to get in Liquor. Had on when he went away, an old Felt Hat, Country Cloth fulled Jacket, coarse Country made Linen Shirt and Trowsers, and a Pair of strong Country made Shoes, with a large Nail in the Toe of each.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, or secures him so that he may be had again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, if taken 20 Miles from home; Forty Shillings, if out of the County; and Three Pounds *Pennsylvania* Currency, if out of the Province, beside what the Law allows, paid by

(*3) BENJAMIN LAWRENCE.

George-Town, June 4th, 1765.

UPON a Petition being preferr'd to the worshipful Justices of *Frederick* County, at *June* Court in 1764, by *John Murdock*, praying that Commission might issue to certain Persons, impowering them to examine Evidences relating to the Bounds of the Three following Parcels of Land, *viz.* one called *Philip and Jacob*, one called *Whitehaven*, and Part of a Tract called *Friendship*, all lying in *Frederick* County, and near *George-Town* on *Potowmack* River, or the Bounds of any other Land or Lands, whereon the Bounds of the aforesaid Lands may depend, or whereto they may relate, in order to ascertain and perpetuate the same; which Petition being Granted, and a Commission thereupon issued and directed to us the Subscribers for that Purpose:

We hereby give Notice to all Persons any wise concerned or interested therein, or whose Property may be any wise affected thereby, That we intend to meet on the said Tracts, on the first Monday in *August* next, precisely at Ten o'Clock, in order to execute the said Commission, that we may make due Return thereof, together with the Depositions, so that the same may be Recorded in perpetual Memory, according to the Directions of the Act of Assembly in that Case made and provided.

CHARLES JONES, *C. D.*
ROBERT PETER,
(3w) ANTHONY HOLMEAD.
ERASMUS GILL.

Baltimore-Town, June 6th, 1765.

THERE is in the Possession of the Subscriber, taken up as a Stray, a middling large Brown or Chesnut colour'd Gelding, with some white in his Forehead, branded on the near Shoulder with C, and on the near Buttock thus M.

(3w) JOHN STEVENSON.

THE Horse *OTHELLO*, that was bred by Col. *Tasker*, and by him Sold into *Virginia*, is now at *WHITEHALL*, on the North Side of *Severn* River, in *Anne-Arundel* County, and will Cover Mares this Season at Four Guineas, or One Guinea a Leap. (tf)

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco.

360

A TRACT of LAND called *Wiltshire Plains*, containing upwards of 400 Acres, lying within two Miles of *Bryan Town*, in *Charles* County, on the 2d Day of *September* next, on the Premises.

(tf) SAMUEL PARRAN.

Love-Point, on *Kent-Island*, *May* 28, 1765.

LEFT at my Landing, some Time ago, a small Clinch-Work BOAT about 12 Feet Keel. The Owner, on proving his Property and paying Charges, may have her by applying to

(3w) PATRICK HAMILTON.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Lower-Cedar-Point* in *Charles* County, the 17th of *May* last, Three Convict Servants, imported in the *Tryal*, Capt. *Errington*, from *London*, viz.

John Thomas, a stout swarthy Man, about 32 Years of Age, upwards of 6 Feet high, has black Eyes, and dark brown Hair. Had on an old Jacket lined with Country Cotton, a red Cloth Cap, an old Check Shirt, old black Worsted knit Breeches, and 3 Pair of Yarn Hose.

John Maund, alias *Philpott*, about 21 Years of Age, 5 Feet high, has dark brown Hair, grey Eyes, and Lisps in his Speech. Had on a Snuff colour'd Coat and blue Breeches, ribb'd Worsted Hose, a Check Shirt, and old Shoes.

James Weft, about 5 Feet high, 15 or 16 Years of Age, has dark brown curl'd Hair, and grey Eyes. Had on and took with him, a *Scotch* Bonnet, a white Linen Shirt, two Coats, one a dark Cloth, the other a light colour'd Surtout, a Pair of Leather Breeches, ribb'd Worsted Stockings, and a Pair of Pumps.

They took with them two new Osnabrigs Shirts, one Pair of Pumps, one Pair of Shoes, and one Pair of old Shoe Boots.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants, so that their Master may have them again, shall have Three Pounds Reward; or Five Pounds if brought home, beside what the Law allows, and in Proportion for either.

(tf) THOMAS JAMES.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels are forewarn'd not to carry them off at their Peril.

Charles County, *April* 8, 1765.

RAN away from the Subscriber on Shrove Tuesday last, a tall, likely, strong, Country-born Negro Fellow, named *Sango*, aged 20 Years. He had on an old light colour'd Surtout Coat much worn, and over that a dark striped Country Cloth Jacket, and Breeches of the same, dark colour'd Country knit Yarn Stockings, and Country made Shoes. Whoever will secure the said Fellow, if in the County, so that he may be had again, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward. If out of the County, in any Jail, Forty Shillings, and if brought Home, reasonable Travelling Charges allowed.

GEORGE LEE.

JUST IMPORTED by the Subscribers, in the Ship Virginia Planter, *from* Glasgow *to* Patuxent *River, and to be Sold at their Stores on* Nottingham *and* Benedict, *for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco, on reasonable Terms,*

A GREAT Variety of *European* GOODS for Retail, too numerous to particularize.

Also sundry Parcels of sorted Linens and other Goods, suited to the Season, to be Sold Wholesale, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco. If necessary, Credit will be given for any of these Parcels, in whole or in part, for 3, 6, or 9 Months, as can be agreed on. They are of different Amounts, from Two to Six Hundred Pounds Cost.

THOMAS CAMPBELL, and Company.

N. B. Those who still remain Indebted to *Messieurs Shortridge, Gordon*, and Company, for Dealings at their Stores, late at *Upper-Marlborough*, *Nottingham*, and *Benedict*, are once more earnestly requested to take Measures for speedily discharging, or otherwise settling, their respective Balances, in order to prevent the disagreeable Consequences of Orders lately received from the said Company, by

(5t) THOMAS CAMPBELL, Attorney in Fact.

PETER BELL, MATHEMATICIAN,
Lately from England,
(*Now in* ANNAPOLIS,)

WILL wait on any Gentlemen, at any Time, and Survey what Lands they may think proper, in a Different, but more Exact Method, than that at present practiced in this Province.

He will likewise Teach young Gentlemen, the Art of Surveying and Drawing, at a moderate Price, and use his utmost Diligence to make them compleat Masters in a short Time.

He has some Plats and Prospects of this City (but not Engrav'd) which he will dispose of at a cheap Rate. (*3) ×3

To be SOLD to any Person living out of ANNAPOLIS, 74

THE Time of a very good JOINER, who was Indentured for Four Years, and has been in the Country about 8 Months: Also, A good HOUSE CARPENTER, who has about 6 Years to serve. Enquire at the *Printing-Office*.

ANY Person willing to Contract for the Building a BALL-ROOM in ANNAPOLIS, may see the Plan at Mr. *Richardson's* Store, to whom they are desired to give in their Proposals in Writing, in Order to their being laid before the Managers. 5

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named *Simon*, a likely young Fellow, about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, well made. Had on when he went away, an Osnabrigs Shirt, red Sailor's Jacket, good Yarn Stockings and Shoes.

Whoever secures the said Slave, so that he may be brought or conveyed to the Subscriber at *Vienna* in *Dorchester* County, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

(tf) × 4 REGINALD GRAHAME.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

VIRGINIA, *Dumfries*, *May* 13, 1765.

RAN away last Night, or early this Morning, *James Scott*, native of *Ireland*, a Convict Servant, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, and pitted with the Small-Pox: Took with him a Sailor's blue Jacket, a Pair of coarse Sacking long Breeches, and a full Suit of old black Cloaths. He ran away from me in 1757, and was never taken up till this Spring, so that he must be pretty well acquainted with the Country, and will probably impose himself on the Public for a Freeman.

Whoever takes up the said Runaway, and conveys him to me here, shall have Five Pounds Reward. 5 RICHARD GRAHAM.

THE Managers of the *SEVERN* CHAPEL LOTTERY, beg Leave to inform the Public, That they purpose to begin Drawing the same, on Monday the Tenth of *July* next, at *Elk-Ridge* Landing. There are some Tickets still on Hand, which may be had of any of the Managers, or at the PRINTING-OFFICE. (tf) 6

STRAYED from the Subscriber's on *Bush* Creek, in *Frederick* County, last Month, a thin Mouse colour'd Horse, about 14 Hands high, paces naturally, his Brand, if any, forgot.

Also a well made Iron Grey Horse, about 13 Hands high, paces and trots, branded on the near Buttock T I.

Both of them were shod before, and are supposed to have made towards *Calvert* County.

Whoever will deliver them to *Benjamin Johnson*, near *Calvert* County Court-House, *Thomas Johnson* in *Annapolis*, or the Subscriber, shall be paid Thirty Shillings, or Fifteen Shillings for either; or if Information is given where they may be sent for, the Favour will be thankfully acknowledged, by

(tf) 6 JAMES JOHNSON.

TO BE SOLD,

THE *LANCASHIRE* FORGE, consisting of Two Fineries, a Chafery, and one Hammer; together with about 400 Acres of very valuable Land, situate upon *Deer-Creek*, a fine Stream of Water, in *Baltimore* County, about 12 Miles from the Head of *Bush* River, and 7 from the nearest navigable Parts of *Susquehanna*. For Title and Terms, apply to the Subscriber, at *Nottingham* Forges, upon the Great Falls of *Gunpowder* River.

(tf) 7 CORBIN LEE.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, by the Subscriber, on the 23d Day of September, being the 2d Day of Court, at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, in Frederick County, for Sterling Money, or Bills of Exchange,

A VERY valuable Tract of LAND called *Aix-la-Chapelle*, containing 1792 Acres, lying and lying in *Frederick* County, on the main Branch of *Seneca*, and near the Mouth of the said Branch; the Land is well wooded and watered. One Year's Credit will be given, for one Half of the purchase Money (if desired) upon giving good Security, and paying Interest.

(tf) CHARLES CARROLL, junr.

RAN away the 14th of *May*, from the *Elk-Ridge* Furnace, a Convict Servant Man named *Joseph Clark*, about 30 Years of Age, near 5 Feet 10 Inches high, is pretty lusty, of a fair Complexion, has black Eyes, and something of a down Look when spoken to; his Hair is of a brown Colour, and curl'd; he has been in the Country about 12 Months, and speaks pretty much in the *English* Country Dialect; he has taken with him a Discharge belonging to one *Benjamin Legate*, which is dated 1764, I think in *July*, which it is probable he will make use of, by changing his Name; he also carried with him a Suit of *Legate's* Cloaths, viz. Coat, Jacket and Breeches, of a dirty or dark Cloth Colour; the Coat has a flash Sleeve, and the whole trimm'd with yellow Metal Buttons; he also took with him several other Things, as a Castor Hat, Check Shirt, Yarn Stockings, a Pair of Pumps, striped Holland Trowsers, a Pair of Osnabrigs Sailor's Ditto, and two Silk Handkerchiefs. Whoever takes up and brings the said Runaway to the Subscriber, at the *Elk-Ridge* Furnace, shall have, if taken within 10 Miles of the said Furnace, Thirty Shillings; if 20 Miles from thence, Three Pounds; if 40 Miles, Five Pounds; and if out of the Province, Ten Pounds Reward.

(*6) CALEB DORSEY.

Kent-Island, *April* 19, 1765.

AS it is published in the *Philadelphia* Paper, that the noted Horse DOVE, imported by Dr. *Hamilton*, is now Covering at Mr. *Dames's*, such Gentlemen on the Western Shore as incline sending Mares to him, may have them carefully brought over the Bay, sent up to the House, and returned at *Annapolis* when done with him, at Twelve Shillings and Six Pence each Mare. Particular Care shall be taken of them. Good Pasturage both at Mr. *Dames's* and my House.

(*11) EMORY SUDLER.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named *Jem*, a likely lively young Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, has a wild Look, and when spoke to appears surprised. He was formerly the Property of Mr. *Robert Gordon*, of the City of *Annapolis*, deceased, so that it is very likely he spends some Part of his Time among his Acquaintance in Town. Whoever takes up the said Fellow, and secures him, so that he may be had again, shall have Eight Dollars Reward.

(tf) ROBERT TYLER.

TO BE SOLD,

A CONVICT SERVANT WOMAN, who has near 7 Years to serve. She can Sew, Wash and Iron, very well, is sober, and an exceeding handy, Woman. Enquire at the *Printing-Office*. (tf)

WHEREAS one *JOHN HUNT*, who left *England*, and in the Year 1748 lived in *St. Paul's* Parish, *Baltimore* County, *Maryland*, as a Saddler, and removed to *Westfield* Parish in the same County; from thence, 'tis said, he went to *Cumberland* in *Georgia*, and from thence to *St. Augustine*; and in *January*, 1764, as it is also said, he ordered a Cargo of Goods from *London*, to be directed to Mess^rs. *Burton* and *Rogett* in *St. Augustine*, to be left with Mess^rs. *Hooper* and *Donaldsons*, in *Charles-Town*, *South-Carolina*: If the said *John Hunt* be Still Alive, and will apply to the Subscriber, living in *Baltimore-Town*, *Maryland*, he will hear of Something to his Advantage. If he is Dead, which is most likely, any Person that will bring a proper Certificate of his Death to the Subscriber, shall receive a REWARD of FIVE GUINEAS. (12w) JOHN MERRYMAN, junr.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by Jonas Green and William Rind, in *Charles-Street*. All Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE at 12*s.* and 6*d.* *per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inserted for 5*s.* the First Week, and 1*s.* each Time after: And Long Ones in Proportion.

The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXIst Year.] THURSDAY, June 27, 1765. [No. 1051.]

LONDON, March 30, 1765.

THE Complaints heard in London, of the Diſtreſs of the Manufacturers, are enough to make the moſt ſtocky Hearts ſoften into a Tenderneſs.

But our Play will not afford them a Redreſs, and charitable Conſiderations, being but a temporary Relief; and it were better ſuch Relief were never neceſſary, ſince the Habits brought on by ſuch Indulgence, are as bad as the greateſt as the Calamity itſelf; beſides that by any Means that other Part of the Kingdom will be reduced by the ſame Cauſes to a State of Want. The Expences of the State have been ſo great during the late War, and the Taxes conſequently ſo exceſſive, that the Produce of our Labour cannot be ſtored with Advantage in foreign Markets. In Order therefore to make our Manufactures go off, the Tradeſmen has been obliged to lower the Quality of his Goods, and ſo other Craft, as beſt he knew'd his Purpoſe, that he might vend his Goods as cheap as thoſe of other Countries; but theſe Expedients being unfair in Reality, are ſoon diſcovered, and our Commodities, by this Means, fall into Diſrepute; by theſe Cauſes foreign Merchants are diſguſted, and will not deal with us: Hence we acquire the Repute of Diſhoneſty and Tricking, which will have ſuch an Effect, as will make them ſlight our Manufactures, even when the Qualities of them are reſtored and improved. While we were at War, the Channels of Trade were ſtopped to our Enemies by the great Defences of their Ships; and while we had the whole Trade in a Manner in our Hands, we could make what Profit we pleaſed, ſo that the Effect of our augmented Taxes was not obſerved or felt; but now a free Trade is eſtabliſhed by the Peace, our Enemies can go to Market as well as we can, it is plainly to be ſeen what Grievances will reſult from the Taxes on the Nation, if they are not reduced; and yet inſtead of ſuch a Reduction, we daily ſee them multiply; but how this Multiplicity of Taxes can be reduced is a Thing to be conſidered. The Method is plain; but what ſhall be ſaid, if there be no Man of Integrity that dare propoſe it. We are in the Condition of Sodom, and muſt perith for Want of one *Juſt Man* to endeavour to avert our Deſtruction.

With the Multiplication of Taxes the Places under the Crown are proportionably multiplied; and not only Places, but the Fees and Profits of a great Number are multiplied; and increaſed, eſpecially when they depend upon Fees, for the more Money is raiſed for the Purpoſes of Government, the more ſuch Fees muſt amount to. Will it not ſtartle any Perſon to have it told, that one Teller of the Exchequer, juſt before the Concluſion of the War, received by Fees 15,000 l. in one Quarter of a Year; and it is a certain Truth, that thoſe Officers have long been aſhamed of their own Fees: Perhaps I have made uſe of an improper Expreſſion, but I am certain they have long feared as Inſpection into the Reaſonableneſs of them. A late Teller, when his Deputy carried him the Profits of his firſt Quarter, was ſo aſtoniſhed at the Sum, that he expreſſed his Hopes of its being exceſſively diminiſhed; and for great have been the Profits of ſix or ſeven Officers of that Sort, that they ſome time ſince laid many Taxes upon the People.

By a proper Inſpection into theſe Things, by transferring ſome the Burthen of collecting the Revenue; the national Affairs might be put on ſuch a Foundation, as would work a wonderful Alteration for the beſt. The Public Money has been levelled, not expended; Half the Money that has been raiſed on the People might have anſwered all the Purpoſes of Government with any tolerable Management; but we have been undone by ſuperfluous Jobbers, Contractors, and other Extortioners. And the worſt of all is, that when a Deficiency is made of any Uſefulneſs, certain People are continually to be relieved, that the Power of the Kingdom is turned into a Screen for them.

London, March 31. Yeſterday Alexander the Italian Singer at the Hay-market, got an Iſſue, after paying the Charges of every Kind, by his Benefit laſt Week, about 1200 l. in two Months and one Week.

April 2. Letters from Yarmouth ſay, that the Herring Buſs, which was ſtranded on the Coaſt of Holland, is got off, and arrived there ſafe.

April 4. Letters from Dublin ſay, that the Parliament of Ireland will be prorogued from the 9th inſtant to the 23d of May next.

April 5. Letters from Plymouth ſay, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 6. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 9. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 10. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 11. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 12. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 13. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 14. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 15. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 16. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 17. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 18. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 19. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 20. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 21. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 22. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 23. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 24. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 25. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 26. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 27. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 28. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 29. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

April 30. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

May 1. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

May 2. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

May 3. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

May 4. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

May 5. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

May 6. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

May 7. We hear from Portſmouth, that the Ships of War, which are to be employed in the Expedition againſt the Iſland of Corſica, are to be ready to ſail from thence by the 20th inſtant.

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360

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco,

A TRACT of LAND called *Wiltshire Plains*, containing upwards of 400 Acres, lying within two Miles of *Bryan Town*, in *Charles* County, on the 2d Day of *September* next, on the Premises.

(tf) SAMUEL PARRAN.

Love-Point, on *Kent-Island*, *May* 28, 1765.

LEFT at my Landing, some Time ago, a small Clinch-Work BOAT about 12 Feet Keel. The Owner, on proving his Property and paying Charges, may have her by applying to

(3w) PATRICK HAMILTON.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Lower-Cedar-Point* in *Charles* County, the 17th of *May* last, Three Convict Servants, imported in the *Tryal*, Capt. *Errington*, from *London*, *viz.*

John Thomas, a stout swarthy Man, about 32 Years of Age, upwards of 6 Feet high, has black Eyes, and dark brown Hair. Had on an old Jacket lined with Country Cotton, a red Cloth Cap, an old Check Shirt, old black Worsted knit Breeches, and 3 Pair of Yarn Hose.

John Maund, alias *Philpott*, about 21 Years of Age, 5½ Feet high, has dark brown Hair, grey Eyes, and Lisps in his Speech. Had on a Snuff colour'd Coat and blue Breeches, ribb'd Worsted Hose, a Check Shirt, and old Shoes.

James West, about 5 Feet high, 15 or 16 Years of Age, has dark brown curl'd Hair, and grey Eyes. Had on and took with him, a *Scotch* Bonnet, a white Linen Shirt, two Coats, one a dark Cloth, the other a light colour'd Surtout, a Pair of Leather Breeches, ribb'd Worsted Stockings, and a Pair of Pumps.

They took with them two new Osnabrigs Shirts, one Pair of Pumps, one Pair of Shoes, and one Pair of old Shoe Boots.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants, so that their Master may have them again, shall have Three Pounds Reward; or Five Pounds if brought home, beside what the Law allows, and in Proportion for either.

(tf) THOMAS JAMES.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels are forewarn'd not to carry them off at their Peril.

Charles County, *April* 8, 1765.

RAN away from the Subscriber on Shrove Tuesday last, a tall, likely, strong, Country-born Negro Fellow, named *Sango*, aged 20 Years. He had on an old light colour'd Surtout Coat much worn, and over that a dark striped Country Cloth Jacket, and Breeches of the same, dark colour'd Country knit Yarn Stockings, and Country made Shoes. Whoever will secure the said Fellow, if in the County, so that he may be had again, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward. If out of the County, in any Jail, Forty Shillings, and if brought Home, reasonable Travelling Charges allowed.

GEORGE LEE.

JUST IMPORTED by the Subscribers, in the Ship Virginia Planter, *from* Glasgow *to* Patuxent *River, and to be Sold at their Stores on* Nottingham *and* Benedict, *for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco, on reasonable Terms,*

A GREAT Variety of *European* GOODS for Retail, too numerous to particularize.

Also sundry Parcels of sorted Linens and other Goods, suited to the Season, to be Sold Wholesale, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco. If necessary, Credit will be given for any of these Parcels, in whole or in part, for 3, 6, or 9 Months, as can be agreed on. They are of different Amounts, from Two to Six Hundred Pounds Cost.

THOMAS CAMPBELL, and Company.

N. B. Those who still remain Indebted to Messieurs *Shortridge*, *Gordon*, and Company, for Dealings at their Stores, late at *Upper-Marlborough*, *Nottingham*, and *Benedict*, are once more earnestly requested to take Measures for speedily discharging, or otherwise settling, their respective Balances, in order to prevent the disagreeable Consequences of Orders lately received from the said Company, by

(5w) THOMAS CAMPBELL, Attorney in Fact.

PETER BELL, MATHEMATICIAN,
Lately from England,
(*Now in* ANNAPOLIS,)

WILL wait on any Gentlemen, at any Time, and Survey what Lands they may think proper, in a Different, but more Exact Method, than that at present practiced in this Province.

He will likewise Teach young Gentlemen, the Art of Surveying and Drawing, at a moderate Price, and use his utmost Diligence to make them compleat Masters in a short Time.

He has some Plats and Prospects of this City (but not Engrav'd) which he will dispose of at a cheap Rate. (tf) ×3

To be SOLD to any Person living out of ANNAPOLIS, 4

THE Time of a very good JOINER, who was Indentured for Four Years, and has been in the Country about 8 Months: Also, A good HOUSE CARPENTER, who has about 6 Years to serve. Enquire at the *Printing-Office*.

ANY Person willing to Contract for the Building a BALL-ROOM in ANNAPOLIS, may see the Plan at Mr. *Richardson*'s Store, to whom they are desired to give in their Proposals in Writing, in Order to their being laid before the Managers. 5

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named *Simon*, a likely young Fellow, about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, well made. Had on when he went away, an Osnabrigs Shirt, red Sailor's Jacket, good Yarn Stockings and Shoes.

Whoever secures the said Slave, so that he may be brought or conveyed to the Subscriber at *Vienna* in *Dorchester* County, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

(tf) ×4 REGINALD GRAHAME.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

VIRGINIA, *Dumfries*, *May* 13, 1765.

RAN away last Night, or early this Morning, *James Scott*, native of *Ireland*, a Convict Servant, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, and pitted with the Small-Pox: Took with him a Sailor's blue Jacket, a Pair of coarse Sacking long Breeches, and a full Suit of old black Cloaths. He ran away from me in 1757, and was never taken up till this Spring, so that he must be pretty well acquainted with the Country, and will probably impose himself on the Public for a Freeman.

Whoever takes up the said Runaway, and conveys him to me here, shall have Five Pounds Reward. 5 RICHARD GRAHAM.

THE Managers of the *SEVERN* CHAPEL LOTTERY, beg Leave to inform the Public, That they purpose to begin Drawing the same, on Monday the Tenth of *July* next, at *Elk-Ridge* Landing. There are some Tickets still on Hand, which may be had of any of the Managers, or at the PRINTING-OFFICE. (tf) 6

STRAYED from the Subscriber's on *Bush* Creek, in *Frederick* County, last Month, a thin Mouse colour'd Horse, about 14 Hands high, paces naturally, his Brand, if any, forgot.

Also a well made Iron Grey Horse, about 13 Hands high, paces and trots, branded on the near Buttock T I.

Both of them were shod before, and are supposed to have made towards *Calvert* County.

Whoever will deliver them to *Benjamin Johnson*, near *Calvert* County Court-House, *Thomas Johnson* in *Annapolis*, or the Subscriber, shall be paid Thirty Shillings, or Fifteen Shillings for either; or if Information is given where they may be sent for, the Favour will be thankfully acknowledged, by

(tf) 6 JAMES JOHNSON.

TO BE SOLD,

THE *LANCASHIRE* FORGE, consisting of Two Fineries, a Chafery, and one Hammer; together with about 400 Acres of very valuable Land, situate upon *Deer-Creek*, a fine Stream of Water, in *Baltimore* County, about 12 Miles from the Head of *Bush* River, and 7 from the nearest navigable Parts of *Susquehanna*. For Title and Terms, apply to the Subscriber, at *Nottingham* Forges, upon the Great Falls of *Gunpowder* River.

(tf) 7 CORBIN LEE.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, by the Subscriber, on the 3d Day of August next, being the 3d Day of Court, at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton, *in* Frederick-Town, *in* Frederick *County, for Sterling Money, or Bills of Exchange,*

A VERY valuable Tract of LAND called *Aix-la-Chapelle*, containing 1792 Acres, being and lying in *Frederick* County, on the main Branch of *Seneca*, and near the Mouth of the said Branch; the Land is well wooded and watered. One Year's Credit will be given, for one Half of the purchase Money (if desired) upon giving good Security, and paying Interest.

(tf) CHARLES CARROLL, junr.

RAN away the 14th of *May*, from the *Elk-Ridge* Furnace, a Convict Servant Man named *Joseph Clark*, about 30 Years of Age, near 5 Feet 10 Inches high, is pretty lusty, of a fair Complexion, has black Eyes, and something of a down Look when spoken to; his Hair is of a brown Colour, and curl'd; he has been in the Country about 12 Months, and speaks pretty much in the *English* Country Dialect; he has taken with him a Discharge belonging to one *Benjamin Legate*, which is dated 1764, I think in *July*, which it is probable he will make use of, by changing his Name; he also carried with him a Suit of *Legate*'s Cloaths, *viz.* Coat, Jacket and Breeches, of a dirty or dark Cloth Colour; the Coat has a slash Sleeve, and the whole trimm'd with yellow Metal Buttons; he also took with him several other Things, as a Castor Hat, Check Shirt, Yarn Stockings, a Pair of Pumps, striped Holland Trowsers, a Pair of Osnabrigs Sailor's Ditto, and two Silk Handkerchiefs. Whoever takes up and brings the said Runaway to the Subscriber, at the *Elk-Ridge* Furnace, shall have, if taken within 10 Miles of the said Furnace, Thirty Shillings; if 20 Miles from thence, Three Pounds; if 40 Miles, Five Pounds; and if out of the Province, Ten Pounds Reward.

(76) CALEB DORSEY.

Kent-Island, *April* 19, 1765.

AS it is published in the *Philadelphia* Paper, that the noted Horse DOVE, imported by Dr. *Hamilton*, is now Covering at Mr. *Dames*'s, such Gentlemen on the Western Shore as incline sending Mares to him, may have them carefully brought over the Bay, sent up to the Horse, and returned at *Annapolis* when done with him, at Twelve Shillings and Six Pence each Mare. Particular Care shall be taken of them. Good Pasturage both at Mr. *Dames*'s and my House.

(w11) EMORY SUDLEE.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named *Jem*, a likely lively young Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, has a wild Look, and when spoke to appears surprized. He was formerly the Property of Mr. *Robert Gordon*, of the City of *Annapolis*, deceased, so that it is very likely he spends some Part of his Time among his Acquaintance in Town. Whoever takes up the said Fellow, and secures him, so that he may be had again, shall have Eight Dollars Reward.

(tf) ROBERT TYLER.

TO BE SOLD,

A CONVICT SERVANT WOMAN, who has near 7 Years to serve. She can Sew, Wash and Iron, very well, is a sober, and an exceeding handy, Woman. Enquire at the *Printing-Office*. (tf)

WHEREAS one *JOHN HUNT*, who left *England*, and in the Year 1748 lived in *St. Paul*'s Parish, *Baltimore* County, *Maryland*, as a Saddler, and removed to *Westfield* Parish in the same County; from thence, 'tis said, he went to *Cumberland* in *Georgia*, and from thence to *St. Augustine*; and in *January*, 1764, as it is also said, he ordered a Cargo of Goods from *London*, to be directed to Messrs. *Barton* and *Rogers* in *St. Augustine*, to be left with Messrs. *Hopers* and *Smallwoods*, in *Charles-Town*, *South-Carolina*: If the said *John Hunt* be still Alive, and will apply to the Subscriber, living in *Baltimore-Town*, *Maryland*, he will hear of Something to his Advantage. If he is Dead, which is most likely, any Person that will bring a proper Certificate of his Death to the Subscriber, shall receive a REWARD of FIVE GUINEAS. (12w) JOHN MERRYMAN, junr.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by **Jonas Green** and **William Rind**, in *Charles-Street*. All Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE at 12*s.* and 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inserted for 5*s.* the First Week, and 1*s.* each Time after: And Long Ones in Proportion.